Cor. LOCKRIDGE'S APOLOGY .- We have before us copy of Col. Lockridge's official report to Gen. Walker of the operations on the San Juan. It is a long and labored apology for a series of reverses and defeats which we have heretofore chronicled. We select a few compliments for Col. Titus, the well-known

Border Ruffian:
On the 3d March I went down and found the Texas On the 3d March I went down and found the Texas was just coming into the port with 180 men, mostly frem Kansas, under command of Col. Titus; and probably there rever was a man who arrived in this cauntry under so favorable circumstances as did Col. Titus, as he bore letters to me from nearly all the distinguished men of the South, recommending him both as a gentleman and officer, worthy of my highest consideration.

Before preparing to march on Sarapiqui I issued an order, placing Lieut. Col. Rudler second in command of Col. Titus's battalion, as I saw that he seemed to have very little command over his men, and knowing Col. Rudler to be an officer highly esteemed by your Excellency as competent to fill any position, and as the Colonel had just returned on the Texas with Col. Titus, I presumed there could be no objection made to such a sumed there could be no objection made to such a course. In answer to the order I had issued, I received a note from Titus refusing to give Col. Rudler any command in his battalion, stating that his authorany command in his battalion, stating that his authority for coming to this country emanated from higher authority than myself, and that he would command muli he received orders from you. I now regret I had not put Col. Rudler in command, and if Col. Titus had interfered, to have hung him from the nearest tree.

My orders were to charge the place (the fort on the river) at once, and save the steamers if possible, which could easily have been done if it had not been for the treachery and cowardice of Col. Titus.

When Larrived Titus and all of his men were on the J. N. beett in full retreat, without any steam on her, and I have never, in all my life, seen such complete disorganization as existed among Titus's men, all saying he had acted cowardly, while many openly declared that he had sold the fight to Vanderbiit before leaving New-Orleans.

HORRIBLE DEATH ON A RAILWAY TRAIN—A MAN TORN TO PIECES.—We learn from an editor who reached this city yesterday afternoon, on his return from the West, that the express train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, was brought to a stand still about nine o'clock yesterday morning, about three miles this side of the Harrison Road Station, and about miles this side of the Harrison Road Station, and about 1144 miles west of Cincinnati, by the appearance upon the track, of the naked body of a man, headless and deprived of one foot. It was supposed to be the remains of a passenger on the train coming east the previous night, who had probably fallen between the cars. Clots of hair and brains were scattered along the track, the head having been litterally shattered into fragments, one foot cut off, one hip and one leg padly lacerated and bruised. His clothes were all torn off by the wheels and projecting wood-work; not a vistage remaining except a small piece of his drawers around one ancle. The body was apparently that of a man about 5 feet 10 inches high, remarkably well proportioned, and was bleached very white by the pelting of a heavy rain storm. [Cincinnati Gaz., 12th.

FATAL EFFECTS OF FRIGHT.-We learned yester FATAL EFFECTS OF FRIGHT.—We learned yester-day that a woman residing in Ocean County died a few days ago from the effects of fright—was literally frightened to death. She had heard of the comet, and religiously believed that the end of all things would be this week. A few nights ago she saw the light from a large fire in the pines, and was immediately possessed with the idea that it was the comet; that the earth was on fire and about to be destroyed. Her slam was so great that she was thrown into convulsions, from the effects of which she died the same night.

[Trenton State Gazette.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. THURSDAY, June 18 .- Ald. JOHN CLANCY, President

in the chair.

The City Difficulties .- Ald. McSernon offered a The City Difficulties.—Ald. McSernox offered a resolution that the Connsel to the Corporation be instructed to conduct the defense of any suits brought against the Mayor, or against any of the Aldermen or Councilmen, whether in Courts of civil or criminal jurisdiction, which have been instituted by reason of the appointment of Charles Devlin to the office of Street Commissioner, or which have grown out of or have any connection with the official action of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, in respect of such appointment. Adopted.

ally of, Alderman and commonly, and a supposition and a supposition of the Management. Adopted.

Ald. McSpenon also offered the following:

Whereas, The Gry has been and still continue in a state of extreme and dangerous excitement in consequence of the attempt of D. D. Conover, under the silvered appointment of the Governor of this State, to marp and occupy the position of Street Commissioner, which varancy, under the pia'n provisions of the charter, can be supplied only on the nomination of the Mayor; and

whether, can be supplied only in the normalition of the SLyor;

Whereas. The said purties have since resorted to unusual and seasitions proceedings, by the issue of innumerable warrants and processes of law, requiring excessive amounts of ball, and not calculated to bring the existing controversy to any subside-lovy conduction, but to foment and increase the present popular excitement and alarm; therefore Resolved. That this Board pledges itself to sustain the Mayor and the municipal authorities in every legal manner, at the existing crisis, in their efforts to vanidate the laws and charter of the city, and secure effectually the peace and order of the metrepolis.

Trepois.

Resolved, That this Board remain in continual session until the termination of the existing excitement, and that we conclude the termination of the existing excitement, and that we conclude the termination of the Raysor our services in every legal form as the Chief Magistrate and highest executive officer of this city.

Ald. Tucker and Bruxt opposed the resolutions, as unnecessary, and tending to create further excitement. They were however adopted, by 15 to 4.

The Board then took a recess till 10 o'clock Friday.

NEW-YORK STATE INEBRIATE ASSYLUM The Board of Trustees of this institution held their becond meeting (according to adjournment) in the City of New-York, June 17.

A quorum being present the meeting was called to order by the President, the Hon. BENJAMIN F.

The minutes of the first meeting were read and ap-

Proved.

The Chairman of the Committee on By-Laws submitted his report which was read, approved and so

Board completed its organization by electing The Board completed its organization by electing the Hon, Win, T. McCan of Long Island, Vice-President; the Hon, Josish B. Williams of Ithica, second Vice-President; J. H. Ransom, esq., of New-York Treasurer; and J. Edward Turner, Corresponding

Treasurer: and J. Edward Turner, Corresponding Secretary.

The following gentlemen were elected a Committee on Firance: Wm. E. Dedge, esq., New-York; John F. Rathbun, esq., Albany; the Hon. Charles Cook, Havana; the Hon. Henry P. Alexander, Little Falls; and J. Edward Turner, New-York.

A Committee on Location was elected comprising the following gentlemen: The Hon. Reubin H. Wairea'h, Saratoga; the Hon. Washington Hunt, Lockport; the Hon. Rassom Balcom, Binghamton; the Hon. Edward A. Lambert, Brooklyn; and J. Edward Turner, New-York.

Turner, New-York.

The Committee on Location acts under the follow

ing by-law:
"The Committee on Location shall select and report to the Board, (subject to their approval), a site for the Asylum and for this purpose may receive all proposals, which may be made by any city, town, individual, or individuals for such site, and may visit the same before any report be made to the Board of Trustees."

It is the intentition of the Committee to visit differ-

ent parts of the State during the months of July and August, in order to make their report to the Board of Trustees at their meeting in September, at No. 97

NEW-YORK STATE MILITARY ASSOCIATION. This Association, composed of the military officers of the State, held its annual session at Newburgh, commencing on Tuesday morning last, and closing on Wednesday evening. The se sion was begun on Tues-day with about twenty members, but the number was afterward increased by other arrivals.

Brig. Gen. SPICER of New-York City, President of the Association, occupied the chair. The session was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Gray of New-burgh, Chaplain of the Nineteenth Regiment, and was followed by the usual opening address of the Presi-dent, in which were embodied many useful hints con-

Cerning military matters.

Gen. CLARENCE A. SEWARD, Judge-Advocate-General of the State, delivered an interesting oration on

Subjects pertinent to the occasion.

The Report of the Council of Administration was The Report of the Council of Administration was read, touching upon the movements of the State militia during the year, and suggesting a number of thanges. The Committee report the arms in use as in a miserable condition, unfit for use; and the Association, in response to a recommendation in the report, appointed a Committee, of which Gen. Burroughs, Bl. C. from Medina, is Chairman, to petition Congress on the subject of the wants of the militia in this present.

respect.
The Report of the Treasurer showed a balance of

Gen. BENTLEY, Chairman of Committee to memo rialize the Legislature, reported that nothing had as yet been done in amending the militia law.

A resolution was adopted to strike from the roll the

hames of all members who were two years in arrears for dues.

A resolution was also adopted, requesting the Com-A resolution was also adopted, requesting the Commander-in-Chief to order a camp of instruction during the coming year. The law provides for one every year, but the law has been so far neglected that one has not been held for two years.

Col. Prant of the 28th Regiment submitted a plan, which was adopted, for the distribution of the State

troops into their appropriate arms—Artillery, Infantry and Cavalry. The militia of the State are now numbered, and this plan proposes to do away with this ard fall back upon the regular army practice.

Upon motion of Col. Lassino a Committee was appointed to draw up a plan of prizes to be given to that con pany in each division which shall show the best drill and discoilire.

cen party in each division which shall show the desiral and discipline.

A resolution was adopted calling a special meeting of the Association at Albany on the third Tuesday of January next. This is done with a view of changing the regular annual meetings to this time, as the season at which it is now held is considered unfavorable in many respects; and, as the first step toward this change, Col. Brown gave notice of the necessary are observed to the Constitution.

many respects; and, as the first step toward this change, Col. Brown gave notice of the necessary amendment to the Constitution.

The remainder of Tuesday's session was consumed in the consideration and discussion of the private grievances of some of the officers.

Upon the assembling of the Association at 8 o'clock on Wednesday morning, a resolution was adopted, declaring it the opinion of the members that the trophies of the Revolutionary War in the possession of the State ought to be transferred to Washington's Headquarters at Newburgh.

The Association then proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, with the following result: President, Major General Burnelde of Otage County; First Vice President, Captain Saler of the National Guard, N. Y.: Second Vice-President, Col. Jesse C. Smith of Brooting: Third Vice President, Col. Jesse C. Smith of Brooting: Third Vice President, Col. Jesse C. Smith of Brooting: Third Vice President, Col. Jesse C. Smith of Brooting: Third Vice President, Col. Gray of Warrensburgh; Treasurer, Col. Frait of Kingston; Corresponding Secretary, Col. Bentley of Albany.

This business was followed by a long discussion on the regulations of uniforms, which finally resulted in the Association adhering to its former action on the subject; and an address was voted to the Commander in-Chief respectfully requesting him to issue no more

in-Chief respectfully requesting him to issue no more special orders in relation to uniforms.

At this point of proceedings the Association adjourned to attend the military parade and review the Seventy-first Regiment, which was present from New-York.

Upon assembling again in the evening, no business of importance was transacted. The old officers of the Association made their retiring speeches, the new ones took their seats, and the Convention was adjourned to the third Tuesday of January, 1858, at Albany.

MARINE ATFAIRS.

THE BACE BETWEEN THE HAZE AND UNA. The yachts Una and Haze had a race on Wednesday from the Anchorage ground, off Hoboken, around the South-west Spit and back. Mr. Grinnell gave the Una ten minutes start, on account of the difference in size. The yachts started together, and the race was a very fine one; but, unfortunately, the Haze carried away her foretopmast on the way down, and, in consequence, could not hoist any foretopsail. The Haze reached the return stake-boat 61 minutes before the Una: but, deducting the 10 minutes start, the race was decided in favor of the latter by 31 minutes.

THE LATE MURDER IN THOMAS STREET

CLOSE OF THE INVESTIGATION-VERDICT OF THE JURY.

The inquest upon the body of Francis Salters who was fatally shot by rowdies on the night of the 23th ult., in Thomas street, was resumed yesterday and concluded. The evidence taken was highly important as it pointed to the perpetrators of the murder. We give a full report of it.

murder. We give a full report of it.

EVIDENCE.

Henry Van Wirner, residing at No 53 Beach street, being sworn, says—I was in the Girard House about 6 o'clock a. m., on the morning of the—I cannot say what day, but it was some two weeks ago; myself and Mr. Carter were sitting and smeking; a number of persons came in; three men came in together; two I recognized by sight; the name of one was "Drake"—Duffy; I do not know their first names; the third man Leid not know not having seen him before; the two I did not know, not having seen him before: the two came up to me and Carter, and spoke to us, asking us to take a drink: I took a cigar: Drake had a wound came up to me and Carter, and spoke to us, asking us to take a drink; I took a cigar; Drake had a wound on his head; it was bleeding at the time; he had on a heaver hat; on seeing the blood I asked him what was the matter; he said that his head was cut; he said that zome negroes had been fighting him; he did not say where or when; the wound was a flesh one, about 1½ inches long; his dress was dark; I cannot describe it definitely; his hat did not attract my attention particularly; have seen Drake wear both a hat and cap; I never saw him with a Kossuth hat on that I know of; in about five minutes we went out; I got a court plaster and put it on Drake's wound; myself and Carter went to the Clermont House; Drake and his party went down Warren street; Duffy had a swellen face, it was scratched; Duffy did not say how or where he got his injury, and had I but little conversation with him directly, he did not say that he had been in any muss with Drake, but from appearances I thought that he had; his dress was about like Drake's; did not notice it particularly; he wore a silk hat; the men were a little under the medium size; I think that they had no whiskers; have seen Drake with a mustache, but cannot say whether he had one on that morning or not; had but little to do with them, we are friends—that is, would pass the time of day as we met; at this time they appeared to be under the influence of liquor, appearing as though they had been on a spree; I saw none at the Girard House but had a a hat or cap on as would be usual: I have not seen or heard anything of Drake or Duffy since the morning in question; I should judge Drake to be about 25 or 26 years of age; Duffy about 21 years.

heard anything of Prake or Dully since the morning in question; I should judge Drake to be about 25 or 26 years of age; Dulfy about 21 years.

George Carter, residing at Clermont House, being sworn, says—I am employed by the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company, and I stop at hotels to put up bills; about three weeks ago I was in the Girard House, when three men came in; Henry Drake, I think, and Pat. Duffy and another man, whom I did not know; it was in the morning rather early; myself and Van Werner were sitting togother at the time; Duffy, I think, asked me to take a drink; I did so; I saw a wound on Drake's head; Duffy's cheek was Duffy, I think, asked me to take a drink; I did so; I saw a wound on Drake's head; Duffy's cheek was bruised and swollen; Drake and myself had hau some difficulty, previously; I had no conversation with Drake: I had some conversation with Duffy; we talked about some passenger; Duffy said that he had been out all night; the clothes of the party were dark. I think, but might have been rather light; there was nothing to attract my attention in particular; Drake usually wore a mustache, and not whiskers; I met George Cornell as I was going from the Girard House to the Clermont House, when he asked what I was doing in that man's company, meaning Drake; I said doing in that man's company, meaning Drake; I said that I was not in his company, had only walked from the Girard House; I said that they had been fighting; that I was not in his company, had only waked from
the Girard House; I said that they had been fighting;
I did not see the party until they came in: I saw ue
carriage; yet there night have been one standing at
the door; the third man was rather larger than the
two, Drake and Duffy; they all seemed to be acquainted; they were at this time a little jolly. Duffy
and Drake were together a great deal; I have frequently met them together; they did not say that they
had a carriage that night; I heard the names of no
other persons mentioned; Drake and Duffy were cousidered a little rough; I have not seen either Drake or
Duffy since the morning in question; I used to see
them some three or four times a week usually; I do
not know where they are now.

Sarah Platt, residing at No. 42 Thomas street, being sworn, says—I neither heard or saw anything of
the difficulty that occurred in Thomas street on the
morning of the 22th of May last; Mrs. Chandler said
in the morning that there had been a great "muss,"
and that Frank Salters had been shot; she said that
there were two parties—one of these parties used to

and that Frank Salters had been shot; she said that there were two parties—one of these parties used to visit my house and hers; that they used to come in their carriage with their servant; that one used to keep a livery stable in Mercer street; she wished me to understand who they were, but did not tell me their names; a man by the name of Drake used to visit my house and hers.

Joseph Persons, being sworn, says—I reside at No. 20 Tearth street; two weeks and last Monday. I went

30 Tenth street: two weeks ago last Monday, I wen to a fire; while there, I heard some of the firemen say that a man by the name of Hen. Drake had shot i negro in West Broadway; I do not know the name o

mry of them.
Michael Cook being sworn, says-I reside at No. 33 any of them.

Michael Cook being sworn, says—I reside at No. 93 Roosevelt street; says I am a sailor; I was at Bill Kipp's, corner of Hudson and West Broadway, at 1 is clock on the morning in question; I weat into several streets, and when I had got back as far as the northeast corner of West Broadway and Thomas street, I met a man; we went to Mrs. Mitchell's, No. 41; Thomas street; neither of us went in, but just then an Irishman came out of No. 41; saying that he had lost £10.5/; he had no hat on; I sympathized with him; the man that was with me caught hold of him; I told the man to left the Irishman alone; he also tried to get away; the man that came with me then pulled out a revolver from his pocket; he then left us and went up toward the corner of West Broadway: I remained with the Irishman; in about five minutes after I heard the shots fired; I did not think that any one was being shot; in about ten minutes I left and went up to the corner where "Salters" lay, when I was attested; it had been raining that morning; it was a dark night; there might have been a carrage standing in the street and I not seen it; I had been drinking some, but could walk well and knew what I was doing and saying; I did not know the man that I met in the street about the decessed; I think that I might have known the man that I met, he had a thin face, high cheek-bones; I heard no names mentioned except English Mary; the girl that

been but a little in New-York of late.

Eliza Chandler alias Line Fisher recalled—Says the two men were in my place about twenty minutes; they used to visit my hall in West Broadway; they behaved orderly in my house. I told them I had nothing to drink, nor any girls, in order to get rid of them; it was one of these men that knorked the white man down; I have not seen either one of these men since that time. The evidence here closed, when Coroner Hills pro-

ceeded to review the testimony to the Jury, who retired for deliberation. They soon returned with the

following VERDICT:

"That Francis Salters, the deceased, came to his death by inflammation of the brain, superinduced by a gunshot wound, said wound having been inflicted on the 25th day of May last, in Thomas street, near West Broadway, where four persons were engaged in a fracas, two of whom are supposed to be Henry Drake and Paddy Duffy, the other two to the Jury unknown.

On this verdict the Coroner forthwith issued warrants for the apprehension of Drake and Duffy, and placed it in the hands of Officer McCluskey, attached to the Coroner's Office, for execution. Every possible effort will be made to arrest and bring to justice the guilty parties to this unprovoked murder.

FIRES.

FIRE IN MAIDEN LANE. On Wednesday night a fire broke out in the uppe part of the building, No. 33 Maiden lane, occupied by Morris, Ellenger & Co., stationers, and Kahn & Limburger, importers of watch materials. The fire originated on the third floor in the rear on the premises of the former firm, who sustained \$150 loss. The other firm sustained \$50 damage. Messrs. Choate, Simmons & Co., importers of fancy goods, su tained \$100 loss by water. The building was damaged to the

amount of \$50. Fully insured.

FIRE IN WEST THIRTY-FIGHTH STREET.

At 2½ o clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in a large stable in the rear of the frame dwellings Nos. 311, 313 and 315 West Thirty-eighth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues. The stable and buildings were entirely destroyed. The dwellings were occupied by a number of poor families, who lost most of their property, being unable to save it, owing to the rapidity with which the fire spread. Total loss about \$2,500.

About 6 o'cleck last night a fire broke out among ome cases of glass bottles on the third floor of No. 144 Liberty street, causing, however, but little damage.

FIRE IN WEST STREET.

At 7 o'clock a fire broke out in a smoke-house, rear of the four-story brick building No. 361 West street, and thence extended into the building, which was entirely destroyed. Loss on stock of provisions about \$1,200. The occupant, Mr. Geo. C. Reed, is a member of the National Guard, and is absent at Bosto Insurance not known. The building belonged to Mr. Astor, whose loss is \$3,000. No insurance.

STEAM FIRE ENGINES. The Cincinnati Times of Monday gives us the following graphic account of the remarkably rapid extin-

guishment of a fire by the steam fire engines:

"Yesterday afternoon we were sitting in our office, when the central fire bell tapped an alarm. We looked at our watch and noted the time. The fire was about two squares southeast of the office, yet the first intimation we had of it came from the watch tower, four squares northwest of us. We ran to the fire watch in hand. A two-stery frame building, on Reynolds street, was on fire. The upper part of it was enveloped in flames, which rolled up against the rear of a row of large business houses fronting on Second street. Our opinion (and long service as a member and officer of a volunteer company attaches value to our judgment was that the row of business houses could not possibly escape serious damage. We knew that the nearest steam fire engine (Washington No. 1) was located some three squares from the fire, and we did not conceive it possible for the machine to get into operation until that block had been fired. The firemen, however, were ahead of our calculations. In eight minutes from the time the first tap of the alarm was given No. 1 was playing on the fire. This stream was quickly guishment of a fire by the steam fire engines: utes from the time the first tap of the alarm was given No. I was playing on the fire. This stream was quickly followed by others, and in a few minutes more, or twelve minutes from the sounding of the alarm, the fire was conquered. In less than five minutes later, several of the companies had received orders to cease operating, and not a flame was to be seen about the premises! The fire had hardly reached the lower story of the building in which it originated, and the row of business houses adjoining received no damage whatever, except a slight scorching of the window frames and saskes. There was a fire rather formidable in its appearance, thoroughly extinguished in lifteen minand eashes. There was a fire rather forminable in its appearance, thoroughly extinguished in fifteen minutes from the time the alarm was given. The power of the steam fire engine was handsomely demonstrated. When the No. I, the engine first in operation, commenced playing, the flames were rolling upward in huge sheets, and the fire roaring and crackling featurely. One dash of the powerful stream saved the row of business blocks, the woodwork of which seems leady to hurst into flame. Another dash of the ed ready to burst into flame. Another dash of the monster jet checked the ravages of the fire king in the burning building, another caused him to hauldown his colors, and another laid him prostr foe at the fect of his snorting enemy. We came to the conclusion that it will not be many years before configgrations and insurance companies will be known only as things of the past."

THE TURF.

NEW-YORK RACES."-FASHION COURSE, L. I .-Last day .- Wednesday, June 17 .- Proprietor's purse

Same Day .- Proprietor's purse \$500, two mile heats:

CITY ITEMS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN .- Mdlle. Rolls, the danseuse whose speedy advent has been heretofore announed in our columns, will appear in a very short time at Niblo's Garden. She is expected to arrive in the Persia. Immediately upon her arrival, two new ballets, "Acalista" and "The Corsair," will be mounted in magnificent style, expressly for her.

REVIEW BY THE GOVERNOR.-We understand that his Excellency Governor King will review the First Division New-York State Militia in this city on the Fourth of July proximo.

Alexancer C. Lawrence, and not Alexander M. Law rence, as stated in Wednesday's TRIBUNE, is the gen tleman whose interests are aroused in behalf of manifest destiny. Alexander M. has never indulged in the luxury of Nicaragua scrip.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAS CONVENTION .- A meeting of this Convention was held last evening at Tam many Hall, pursuant to call, at which E. F. Purdy esq., officiated as Chairman, and Alfred Chancelle and Samuel D. Vanderheyden, acted as Secretaries.

The Narious Wards of the city were taken up in numerical order, and with the exception of the Third. Fifth and Seventh, all reported complete, with the names of their respective Presidents, Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. The Sixteenth and Twenty-second Wards were contested. They were each allowed ten minutes to state their cases, after which the contestants from the Sixteenth Ward were sent back, and one set of Delegates from the Twenty-second Ward (the side signed by Alexander Ward), were received.

A resolution was then offered and adopted by the Convention to the effect that the Associations from the different Wards shall meet before the 25th inst. and elect five delegates to the General Convention, five to the Young Men's General Convention, and an Executive Committee for the ensuing year. The Convention then adjourned until the 25th inst.

The celebrated statue of the Greek Slave, to be sold at auction on the 23d, was erected this morning in the rotunds of the Merchante Exchange, and is drawing crowds of visitors.

Concret To-Night .- Madame La Grange, prior to er departure for Europe next week, will give the first of two Concerts this evening, at Niblo's Saloon. As this eminent artist and estimable woman is now about to bid us farewell, we hope to see these concerts largely attended. Mme. La Grange will be competently assisted.

NORFOLK STREET METHODIST CHURCH.-The ladies of this Church last evening commenced a Strawberry Festival, which will be continued this evening for th benefit of that Church. They sent to the Seventeenth Ward Metropolism Police Station to have a couple of officers detailed for duty there to protect them, which request was promptly responded to by Captain Hart.

FALSE PRETENSES-SELLING A PATENT .- Officer Eagan of the Lower Police Court, yesterday arrested David M. Grant of Buffalo, charged with obtaining the sum of \$250 from Nicholas Crocheron, keeping a boarding-house at No. 8 West street, by false and fraudulent representations, and with a design to cheat said Crocheron. It is alleged that Grant sold a patent for some kind of India rubber car springs to Crecheron for the above amount, but Mr. Crocheron, upon inquiry at the Patent Office, received a letter from the agent at Boston, setting forth that the right which Grant had sold to him had been previously assigned to other parties. Grant made representations that he owned considerable property in Boston. He is a traveling agent to sell patent rights for some improvement or invention in light wagons. Some time ago he borrowed money from Mr. Crocheron on a horse, the animal being, however, mortgaged in Buffalo. Notwithstanding this he took the horse to Jersey City and sold him. Mr. Crocheron, learning the whereabouts of the animal, went to Jersey City and took him from the stable, for which he was arrested, charged with horse stealing, and compelled to give bail for his appearance to answer. Justice Connolly, before whom the accu. ed was teken, held him to bail in the sum of \$1,000, Mr. Hall, of the firm of Hall & Sons, becoming surety.

THE STOLEN GOODS RECEIVERS .- Dr. Bradford, yesterday afternoon, appeared at the Lower Police Court and made affidavit against William Mendlebaum and Hannah his wife, whose arrest we published in Thursday morning's TRIBUNE, charging them with stealing from his room at the Delevan House in the City of Albany, last Winter, clothing, jewelry and other property to the value of \$270. The first complaint against them was for receiving about \$900 worth of silks which it is alleged had been stolen at different times by shoplifters from the store of Morris & Ohlman, importers at No. 40 Chambers street. Officer Caulfield found a portion of the property belonging to Dr. Bradford in their possession. The woman says she obtained the goods in Albany, but "bought them. It is probable that more complaints will be made against these receivers before their examination.

SUPPOSED CONFLICT BETWEEN BURGLARS.-Capt. Turnbull of the Eighth Precinct, reported yesterday that Mr. Dickinson, residing at No. 110 Sullivan street, reports that during Wednesday night some person or persons entered his house and stole a quantity of silver ware. It is not known how they effected an entrance. What is most singular, a loaded pistol was found with the breech broken, and a trail of blood from the back basement to the sidewalk. The report of a pistol was distinctly heard by the inmates of the house about 3 o'clock a. m., and it is supposed the thieves had a fight among themselves.

The following sales of Real Estate were made yes terday at the Merchants' Exchange, by A. J. Bleecker,

Of the above only the one undivided fifth part of

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED .- Coroner Perry held an inquest at No. 141 East Forty-first street, on the body Andy Donobne, a boy who was drowned in the river, for the same street, on Wednesday afternoon. The deceased we to the ship-yard to gather some wood and in astemptic climb around a fence which was over the water, fell into dock. Several men saw the lad fall overboard, but as non-

nite variety, and at prices which being the newest fashlors with in the reach of every pure, will be found at R. T. Without extensive store and warrooms, just opened at No. 251 Broad way. New styles in BOXXETS SLK GOODS, ARTIFICIAL FLOW-ERS, STRAW GOODS, DRESS CAPS, &c., continually arriving from Paris.

[Advertisement.] CATARRH.—There is a Physician in this city, Dr GOODALE, who positively cures CATARRH in its worst the remedy he has intely discovered. He challenges at d the world to the test. He may be consulted at his

DR. S. S. FITCH'S Six Lectures on Consumption

and the Laws of Life, 380 pages, 30 engravings, be plaining the mode in which he cores diseases of the Lu Heart, and other Chronic Disorders, sent by mail, free, on receipt of 40 cents. Address S. S. Firon & Co.

BROOKLYN ITEMS.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH .- There was no meeting vesterday for want of a quorum. Aid. Walsh was the only one present and he announced that no business could be done until to-morrow (to-day) and left. A number of masters of vessels were present who will be put to considerable inconvenience in consequence of the want of action on their applications to land cargoes. The Mayor formerly granted permits, but latterly the Board has assumed that duty.

BRUSHING UP .- The Williamsburgh Ferry Company have recently been adding to the appearance of some of their boats, by a plentiful application of paint. If they should extend their generosity, and -replace some of the filthy, worn-out cushions with new ones, it would, at least, be gratifying to the ladies.

INDIGEMENTS FOUND BY THE GRAND JURY .- The Grand Jury came into the Court of Oyer and Termi-ner yesterday morning, and presented a batch of indictments, 30 in all, which are classified as follows: Manslaughter, 1; robbery, 2; burglary, 4; assault and battery, 11; receiving stolen goods, 5; grand lar-ceny, 4; nuisance, 1; perjury, 1; riot, 1—Total, 30. The Grand Jury did not find any indictments against persons for selling liquor illegally. That subject will come up before the next body.

Assault on a FERRY-BOAT .- Several of the hands on board one of the Fulton-street ferry-boats were brought before Justice Voorhies yesterday, on the charge of committing a violent assault on George Steele, on Sunday night last. Steele, it was urged, was intoxicated, and made a disturbance, when they ejected him. He was very badly beaten. The ac-Grand Jury.

BADLY BEATEN,-Charles Frost, a resident of the Ninth Ward, was arrested on a warrant for beating John Stadt on the head with a club, injuring his seriously, and then breaking the windows and doors of his house in Nostrand avenue, into which Stadt ran for safety. Frost was committed to answer by Justice

DARING ROBBERY—The front basement of premises No. I Albion place. Fourth etreet, occupied by a Dr. Allen, was reloniously entered by forcing open the window, and robbed of a traveling bug, containing money, papers, notes, books, &c., valued at about \$2,000.

RUN OVER.—A rag-picker name Eunice Jones, while pursuing her sestines in First street, near North Ninth street, was run over by a light wagon. The wheels struck the collar bone, fracturing it, and passed lengthwise of the body. The waman also received a severe senip wound. She was taken to the Dispensary, where the wounds were dressed, and then removed to ker residence in Ewen street.

NEW-JERSEY ITEMS.

Mrs. M. A. W. Johnson is lecturing to the ladies of Orange on Physiology and the Laws of Health, every afternoon this week, at 3 o'clock, in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian Church. The importance of the subject and the rare qualifications of Mrs. Johnson recommend her lectures to the earnest attention of the ladies of North Orange.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.-The proprietorship of The Daily and Weekly (Trenton) Republican has been transferred by H. B. Howell to Jacob L. Swayze, esq. who will continue its publication after the 1st of July

The Mercer County Fair will be held at Hightstown on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 14 and 15. Among the premiums offered is one to the best lady performer on the piano, and snother to the best female equestrienne.

BIRTHS. MARRIAGES AND DEATHS .- The number ecently reported to the Board of Aldermen of Jersey City as having taken place during the year ending on the 1st of June inst. is: Births, 887; marriages, 243 deaths, 1,187.

POLICE APPOINTMENTS .- The Jersey City Board of Aldermen, at their meeting on Tuesday evening, made the appointments for Police of the city as follows:

the appointments for Police of the city as follows:

First Ward — Patrick Hurley, Michael Riley, J. H. Baldwin,
William Reed and Charles Graham.

Second Ward.—Martin Ward, John W. Murphy, John
O'Donnell, Peter Lamb and James H. Groves.

Third Ward.—Daniel McNamara, Levi W. Towie, J. L.

Ayres, J. C. Smith and Michael McLaughlin.

Fourth Ward.—A. Van Riper, J. M. Topping, J. Van Voorlies, H. B. Robinson and J. B. Thompson.

At Ferry.—Officer Clark.

CRICKET. - A match at cricket was played yesterday at Newark, between the Second Eleven of the New-York Club and the Newark Club, which resulted in favor of the latter. One innings was played, and the score stood 30 for the New-Yorkers and 113 for the Newarkers.

BURGLARIES AT BLOOMFIELD.—The cloth-weaving factory of Mr. David Oakes at Bloomfield was broken into during Saturday sight, and robbed of about \$500 worth of cassimeres. The residence of Mr. Crane at West Bloomfield was broken into on the same night by two men, supposed to be Germans, and robbed of a quantity of silver, including a case-basket worth \$25, and other articles—in all worth about \$90. No streats or recovery of the property have as yet been made.

LAW INTELLIGENCE

THE BURDELL ESTATE.

SURROGATE'S COURT—JUNE 18.—Before A. W.
BRADFORD,
James M. Smith, jr., Recorder of the City of New-York, was called by counsel for the contestants, and sworn and examined by Mr. Tilden-I was present at the inquest at No. 31 Bond street soon after the murder; examined witnesses, and among others Miss Augusta examined witnesses, and among others Miss Augusta Cunningham; she testified with great deliberation; I did not observe in her manner anything like excitement or agitation; I remarked that on one occasion she smiled; there would be some delays after the questions before the answers were made—so much so that I occasionally repeated the question.

Cross-examined—Don't recollect what day she testified; my impression is it was the day preceding the service of the writs of habeas corpus on the two daughters (it was conceded that the examination was on Saturday). I conducted the examination of Miss

on Saturday), I conducted the examination of Miss Augusta almost entirely; recollect advising the Coro-ner that he must return the bodies upon the writ of habeas corpus; told him his duty was to obey the writ without hesitation; think this was during Heleu's writ without hesitation; think this was during Heien's examination; Augusta's examination must have occupied several hours; I endeavored to elicit all the facts I could; there was great excitement; the room was crowded; the atmosphere was perhaps oppressive; if it had been pure, in view of my experience, I think I should have observed it.

Ezra Blass, note and bill broker (called by claimant).

EZTA Biss, note and bin broker cande by candians, swern—Was at No. 31 Bond street on Sunday, Feb. 1, and on Monday or Tuesday following: heard the Rev. Mr. Marvin say, in conversation, that he could not swear positively, but there were some strong points of resemblance between the body and the man he mar-

Cross-examined-This was on Sunday; think Mr. Cross-examined—This was on Sunday; think Mr. Marvin bad just been examined; there seemed to be two or three a-king questions; he said there was some difference in the whickers, saw Mrs. Cunningham in the Tombs a few months ago; visited her from motives of curiosity; had no conversation with her on this subject; have never been subpensed here; have been acquainted with Wm. Burdell many years.

John Connery, Deputy-Coroner, was called by Mr. Tilden to show that Mrs. Cunningham had said she had always kept the marriage secret, even from her own children.

own children.

Mr. Clinton objected that this was opening a new

subject, was not rebutting, and consequently inadmis-sible. Mr. Tilden said in the earlier part of the case, the theory of claimant was that this was a secret marriage, but now they had evidence to show that it was talked of in the most open manner on every casual occasion. It was strictly in answer to their rebutting testimony, which rebutted their own testimony in the opening

of the case.

Mr. C'inton argued further that this was a trap, in of the rules of evidence, an attempt to dis close a Drummond light like this willing hostile wit-

ess to their astonished gaze.

There was further discussion, which was stopped by There was further dis-

There was further discussion, which was stopped by the Surregate, who ruled that as there was no evidence of declarations of Mrs. C. after the marriage, the evidence could not be rebutting, and must be excluded.

Geo. W. Parsons, lawyer, called by contestants, testified that the case of Warner agt. Griffiths came up in the United States Circuit Court, October 27, and on his motion, was put over till the following day; did not see Judge Dean nor Dr. Burdell that day.

R. A. Stillwell, recalled for cross-examination, testified in relation to the business before the United States Circuit Cout, October 27; the term com-menced October 20, but the Calendar was not called,

menced October 20, but the Calendar was not called, and the Court was adjourned until the 28th.

J. W. Crane, jr., testified that the reputation of Mrs. Mary Crane, his stepmother, for truth and veracity was very poor; he would not believe her under oath.

Cress examined—There is a difficulty between her and my father, her husband; I board at No. 47 Bond street; I take sides with my father; I came here of my own free will—that vice might not triumph over virtue; I know she is a very bad woman, who would swear to anything; I don't believe a word of her testimony. mony. Direct resumed-I consider that evidence given by

her would be on the side of vice; the difficulty with my father is in relation to a divorce; I have a feeling my father is in relation to a divorce; I have a being against her on account of her actions.

Q. Is she living in open adultery at the present time! (Objected to and ruled out.)

Clark S. Putnam, dentist, residing at No. 35 Bond street, was a witness in the case of Warner agt. Griffith, and showed this entry in his diary:

"Transpay Oct. 23, 1856.

"TUESDAY, Oct. 28, 1856.
"U. S. Circuit, New City Hall, in the Park, in Chambers." Think Dr. Burdell was present on Tuesday; saw Dr. Burdell cross the street from his house to No. 32 Bond street on Monday, Oct. 27; was quite certain of the date; it was in the afternoon—perhaps before 3

clock. Cross-examined—I attended Court on the 28th, but another case was on, and Judge Dean was willing to have the case postponed; he said he had only just come into the case; Mr. Barnard objected to the post-ponement, and wanted it to go on; the entry in my diary was made by Mr. Keiser, perhaps three days before the 28th; think it was not entered on a Sunday.

Mr. Edwards, for contestants, called: Geo. W. Houghton of Buffalo, who testified as fol-Geo. W. Houghton of Buffalo, who testified as fol-ows—I have been Judge of the Superior Court, and also Recorder of Buffalo; have known David M. Grant about ten years; never heard anything against his character, and know nothing of him but what he stands as well as any business man in the city. Cross-examined—Have made purchases of him; have had no social acquaintance with him, suppose he has been in mercantile business in Buffalo the last year or two; has a store there; I have had no busi-ness with him for five or six years. D. S. Fane was called by contestants to substantiate the testimony of one of the Herkimer witnesses. Ob-jection was made, and claimant's counsel stated that they had the usunes of five witnesses in Herkimer to

hey had the names of five witnesses in Herkimer to rove that Dr. B. was there at a later date than approve that Dr. B. was there at a later date than ap-peared by contestant's witnesses. The dispatch from Herkimer containing this information is signed by Warren Caswell. The witness was excluded, and the Surrogate said he was determined to conclude the

case to-day.

Henry Crane, dentist in Forty-third street, testified that Mrs. Mary Crane's general character was bad, and he would not believe her under oath; he is a nephew of her husband, but took no side in their diffi-

ity. Frederick Y. Scriba of Newark, N. J., vouched for David M. Grant's character, which he found is 1849-50 to be good, and which had remained good ever since, as far as he knew, would believe him under oath or otherwise.

Mr. Edwards asked to introduce a witness to show

that the claimant had stated, shortly before Dr. Burdell's death, that she was a widow, and had no has-

n is sible at that stage.

Mr. Clinton here closed the case for claimant, with
the exception of one witness, whom he would decline

This is understood to be Eckel, upon whom a sub-

This is understood to be Eckel, upon whom a subpera has been served.]

Richard S. Roberts of Brocklyn, a merchant, called
by Mr. Edwards and testified as follows: I know
Stephen Knowiton; would not believe him under oath
where his interests are involved.

Cross-examined—Very likely I have written anonymous letters to Mr. Knowiton; consider it honorable
to write such letters; was neither ashamed nor afraid
to put my name to the letters I wrote to him; the difficulty arose out of a church matter, a subscription.

Q. Who are you, Sir! A. None of your business,
Sir; my business is that of an importer; my place of
business is in Maiden lane.

Q. Have you had more than one difficulty with Mr.

K. A. I never had any difficulty with him myself,
I want you to understand; never knew of but one difficulty—this Clinton avenue affair.

Mr. Clinton said the difficulty was about a subscription to which semebody had forged Mr. Knowiton's
name, and which he refused to pay, and was sustained
in his refusal.

Witness and he had heard Mr. Knowiton's charac-

n his refusal.

Witness said he had heard Mr. Knowlion's character talked of a great deal in connection with that and

other matters.

Mr. Clinton here showed the witness some letters and he identified one on the 51st page as one of the

anonymous.

He might have written two anonymous letters to

Anonymous.

He might have written two anonymous letters to Mr. Knowlion, but he shought that he wrote but one; he was a member of a Congregational Church in Brocklyn, and thought it was consistent with his profession of religion to call a man a "theado devil," it was not his habit to write anonymous letters; he had no hostile seelings against Mr. Knowlton and did not wish to blacken his character.

Daniel P. Barnard, attorney, swore that he was for the plaintiff in the case of Warner and Griffin; that he appeared in it first on the 2.th of October last, when he answered "ready," but counsel for the defendant wanting time, it was put off till next day, Judge Dean not being ready in the case; on the next day it was adjourned on account of a Sickels case; counsel for the detendant had died, and either they had just retained or were about to retain Judge Dean.

Cross-examined—Witness had not attended at the calling of the case; he only came when the case was to be tried.

Recxamined—I was there Tuesday and Wednesday crity.

Las F. Hall, of Wm. Hall & Sons, had known

Jas. F. Hall, of Wm. Hall & Sons, had known David M. Grant for eight years; Grant had had his letters directed to their care; would believe him under oath or not under oath.

der eath or not under oath.

Cross-examined—Had social but no business relations with Mr. Grant; was introduced through his brother; I went his bail last April when he was charged with selling a patent which he had no right to; never heard his character discussed before this case; has heard Mr. Seriber speak well of him within a month or two; thought the account of the testimony in The Herald in regard to him brought the matter up.

Gen. Wm. Hall, sworn—Had known Mr. Grant four the cases. Let him money several times, and he or five years; lent him money several times, and he generally paid him, and had found him always honorable in business; would believe him under oath [Objected to by Mr. Clinton, but objection not sustained]; would believe any statement made by him not under eath

Cross-examined—Had had none other than business

cath.

Cross-examined—Had had none other than business relations with him; never heard anything said about his veracity except what he had heard here.

John H. Sherman, sworn—Resided at No. 137 Fourth avenue; was a physician; had known Mr. Grant about three years; resided in the same house with him; would believe him under oath and not under oath.

Cross-examined by Judge Dean—Was an Englishman; formerly lived at the corner of Mercer and Howard streets; principally attends to ladies; never attended to venereal diseases; went to Mr. Edwards's office and informed him what he knew about Mr. Grant; he made it a practice to inform counsel on any side whatever, if he knew any witness of importance to them; saw Mr. Grant at Mrs. Slocum's; afterward at a bouse in Twentieth street, where he boarded.

Mr. Dean asked the witness if Mr. Grant was in the habit of following Mrs. Slocum, and the witness said he would not answer it; the judge was an impudent lawyer, and he would put him down; he had put down such lawyers before and he would again. He said that several men at the American Institute had spoken well of Mr. Grant; he had been indicted for perjury once, but had never been tried, and he would give \$500 if any man would take it up and try it.

Capt. Dilks was sworn, but the Surrogate would not allow new matter to be produced, and he did not testify.

James Smith, sworn—Was a merchant doing

not allow new matter to be produced, and he did not testify.

James Smith, sworn—Was a merchant doing business at No. 40 Berlin slip; has been acquainted with Mr. Knowlton for several years; always supposed his character was good; would certainly believe him under oath.

Cross-examined—Thought Mr. Knowlton's memory was good; never heard of his intellect being shattered. Senator Smith—Knew Stephen Knowlton: know about the Church difficulty, was one of the referees; has known Mr. Knowlton for five or six years, and would have no hesitation in believing him under oath.

Mr. Clinten offered to prove that the case was decided in his favor, but it was ruled out, as the nature of the case had not been given.

Benjamin Dunning—Did business at No. 40 Burling slip; had known Mr. Knowlton for three or four years; would have no hesitation in believing him under oath or not under oath; have a very high idea of him as a man of truth.

Josiah Rich, sworn-Had been in business in the

city about thirty years; Mr. Knowlton had been in business with him twe've or fifteen years; would not have the slightest hesitation in believing him under oath or not under oath. Cross-examined—Mr. Knowlton sometimes gets con-

Cross-examined.—Mr. Knowlton sometimes gets confused; his recollection of words was sometimes indistinct and confused; he would sometimes be confused in his association of ideas; would draw an inference sometimes, and in his conversation would use the inference as a part of the conversation.

Cross-examined—Always got along perfectly well with Mr. Knowlion; everything satisfactory.

Frederick A. Lane—Had known Mr. Knowlion four or five years; had been his counselor; his reputation for veracity is as high as any one he knew; would believe him under oath; never knew any confusion of memory; has had occasion to test him.

lieve him under oath; never knew any confusion of memory; has had occasion to test him. Cross-examined—Had an opportunity to test him in this respect at the Chuton-avenue Church case; was his counsel during part of the case.

The Surrogate stated that the case was closed now

on both sides.

Mr. Tilden said he was ready to sum up without waiting for the California Commission; he would leave that to the Surrogate's discretion. It was a circumstance which would show that the marriage could never have taken place; yet he would leave it to the discretion of the Surrogate to decide in regard to it.

As the counsel for the contestants would not withdraw the motion, the Surrogate said he would have to decide more the motion the Surrogate said he would have to

decide upon the merits of the application before the UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT-June 18. - Before Judge Ingersolt.
THE GEN. PIERCE MURDERERS SENTENCED.

The United States agt. John Ned, John Brown and John Da Costa.

These defendants, recently found guilty of man-

slaughter on two indictments, were this morning sentenced each to three years' imprisonment at hard labor, on each indictment, and also to pay a fine of \$1.600 in each case, and to be imprisoned until the

SUPREME COURT-SPECIAL TERM-June 18. - Before Judge

Bosworth.
DECISIONS.
Leland, President, &c., ast. The Mayor, &c.
Motion for judgment denied, without costs.
Hopkins sgt. Ad ma.
Motion denied, without costs.
Sunford, assignee, &c., agt. Roseveit.
The defendant has a right to have a new attorney, the is not obliged, as a condition to the granting of such order, to jay any costs except the costs of the attorney of secondary.
Other of the secondary.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—June 12.—Before
Judge BETTS.
THE LAST OF THE SLAVERS.
The United States agt. The schooner Merchant, her cargo, &c.
—The United States agt. The steaming John Birkbeck, her
tackle, &c.
Two slave cases were disposed of this morning in a
very few minutes. The District Attorney not being ready to
go on, the order dismissing the likel sgainst the Merchant, here
triore taken, and subsequently opened, was made absolute. In
the other case, a similar order was entered, on consent; the
claimant consenting to a certificate of probable cause. Means,
Bonohne & Black were counsel for the claimant in both cases.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS—JUNE 13.—Before Justices Osnors and Brownett.

Eliza Cox was charged with the larceny of \$10 in gold, and some helf a dozen silver half-dollar pieces. There was no evidence distinctly tracing the lost money to the defendant. A \$10 gold piece was found upon her, and some silver coin. But this could not be conclusively identified as the missing coin, but only cast expicion upon her because of its correspondence in quality and denomination with the gold and silver lost, coupled with the fact that the defendant appeared in low life. She said it was sent to her from her brother's boss, who lived in Thomderags, and she exhibited a letter from her brother, promising the remission of some money, but none certifying the moderage and silver lost, on the said of the sent of the said it was sent to be from her brother; promising the remission of some money, but none certifying the moderage and with that commenced crying quite loudly. The cort seemed still to believe her guilty, but said, with the evidence, they must acquit her.

Andrew Graham was arraigued for assault and bat-